

## The Listening Room and Stairwell - Untitled

within the exhibition

### **Sounding Spaces**

NTT InterCommunication Center (ICC)

Tokyo Opera City Tower 4F, 3-20-2 Nishi-Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku,

Tokyo 163-1404

Japan

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curated by Minoru Hatanaka



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## **Listening Spaces - Naomi Tajitsu**

The difference between the NTT Intercommunication Center's 2000 show, *Sound Art--Sound as Media*, and its current *Sounding Space: 9 Sound Installations*, is that the previous show considered sound as an element of media technology, whereas its follow-up takes the idea and perception of sound to a completely different level.

This time, sound isn't necessarily used to illustrate an idea, it's the idea in itself. The works on display are meditations on the relationship between sound and the spaces that contain them, or the use of sound or space to accommodate the creation of the other. Roughly divided into two groups, they deal with how sound can change our understanding of our existing environment, as well as how our presence can alter the shape of a sound.

At the core of *Sounding Spaces* is the question of how the listener actually deals with sound, which is explored particularly well in works like David Cunningham's *The Listening Room*. Unabashedly low-tech, the room captures and processes sound using only a pair of mikes, amps, speakers and a noise gate, which prevents unwanted noise from getting from the mic to the speaker. Focusing on the natural resonances and reverberations of the room, it hums with a life you'd never really notice of a room absent of objects that "create" sound.

"Our hearing is a very precise tool yet we constantly render it ineffective," writes producer-artist Cunningham in an e-mail from his studio in London. "Over the last century, background noise in cities has risen exponentially...I'm trying to find a way to engage positively with this, to make it a more rewarding experience through being more conscious of what we are hearing all the time."

Cunningham first set up *The Listening Room* in London in 1994, and since then, the installation has been transplanted to all manner of spaces, from dark basement spaces to sprawling rooms nestled in the middle of nature reserves. Adapting the installation for the Tokyo show marks a handful of firsts: For one, *The Listening Room* has never occupied a space with windows until now. Cunningham makes the most of this by keeping the blinds open and using the glass to reflect the room's acoustics. At first, the view of bustling Shinjuku is a bit distracting, but with time, it begins to make more sense, that *The Listening Room* is a living document, a complex antithesis of isolation from the rest of the world.

At the same time, the ICC space is the piece's smallest home to date. Size being one of the many factors that affect the installation, Cunningham says the Tokyo piece is perhaps the most quiet and subtle of all the rooms, as space size determines the volume of the installation. As a result, the sound in the Tokyo room becomes a reflection of the movement inside it. In a way, the scale of the work draws attention to what we're listening to--we're not hearing something, we're experiencing what is occupying the space.

"There's an aspect to all this which is to do with transparency, demystifying the process and the fact that there's all this activity across the city visible but mostly inaudible from this particular situation reinforces this emphasis on the moment within the space," Cunningham explains, admitting that he had no idea of the view outside the window ahead of the show's opening.

Other pieces like sound pioneer Alvin Lucier's *Empty Vessels* (Tokyo) also consider how movement alters sound, which he does by setting up a line of miked glass jars and vases which pick up vibrations that are fed back from their own speakers situated at the opposite end of a long, dark room. In effect, Lucier has created a musical instrument that takes up an entire room and plays continuous music that is constantly being manipulated by the presence and movement of the people in the room. Like *The Listening Room*, *Empty Vessels* (Tokyo)'s tones are distinct, and are susceptible to pauses and crescendos, which change as each of the vessels' feedback strands are disrupted by visitors moving about the room.

At the top of the stairs that lead to the viewing rooms, there's a constant hum of blips, crackles and beeps that are released from two monolithic, interfacing screens textured with specks, bars and lines of color. The way they've been placed creates a small corridor between them, above which hang two microphones and two speakers. This is Akihiro Kubota's *Material AV--Resonant Interface*, which uses existing sound as a raw material and processes their pitches and harmonic components, creating a feedback that is looped back into the system. The numeric data from these sounds are processed into images, which change according to different sounds that are introduced into the system, offering an exciting, visual element.

Works like Christina Kubisch's *East of Oasis--Twelve Gates to Sound* and Edwin Van Der Heide's *A World Beyond the Loudspeaker* use sound to alter our perception of space. Kubisch has set up a maze of hanging cables that transmit different sounds from the jungle that are picked up on a headset, creating a sense of wonder and excitement as you approach each cable in the open, white space. And new meaning is given to the idea of surround sound in Edwin van der Heide's *A World Beyond the Loudspeaker*, a wall of 40 speakers that play sounds from industrial sites picked up by 40 microphones. Housed in a small room, the sound of construction sites and harbors fill the room with an overwhelming three-dimensionality that challenges the room's spatiality.

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